

Nº 180218

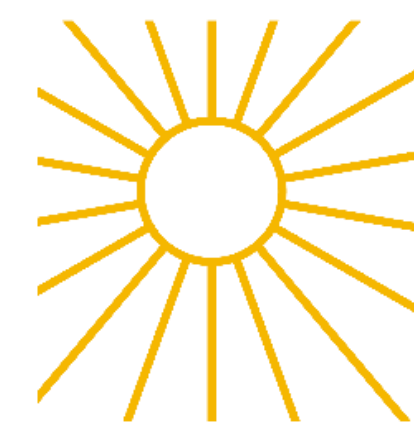
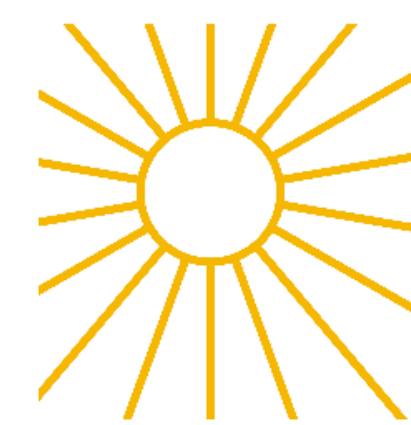
Strategic selection of sugarcane biomass pre-treatments for centralized biorefineries in Brazil: a fuzzy multi-criteria decision approach

Vittor Rodrigues Santos Alves
Ana Paula de Souza Silva
Denis Correa Meyer
Pamela Coelho Tambani
I.Marques
G.B. Bacarin

*Pôster apresentado no
EUROPEAN BIOMASS
CONFERENCE &
EXHIBITION, 34., The Hague,
Netherlands. 1 slides.*

A Série “Comunicação Técnica” compreende trabalhos elaborados por técnicos do IPT, apresentados em eventos, publicados em revistas especializadas ou quando seu conteúdo apresentar relevância pública.

PROIBIDO REPRODUÇÃO



STRATEGIC SELECTION OF SUGARCANE BIOMASS PRE-TREATMENTS FOR CENTRALIZED BIOREFINERIES IN BRAZIL: A FUZZY MULTI-CRITERIA DECISION APPROACH

ALVES, V. R. S. ^{*a} SILVA, A.P S; MEYER, D. C. TAMBANI, P.C. MARQUES, I^b. BACARIN, G. B^c.

^{*}Correspondence author: Vittor Rodrigue Santos Alves , vittoralves@ipt.br, +551137674785

^aBioenergy and Energy Efficiency Laboratory (LBE), Energy Unit, Technological Research Institute (IPT) Galp Energia, Portugal^b. Usina Cocal^c

1. INTRODUCTION

Sugarcane biomass opportunity: Sugarcane bagasse and straw are abundant lignocellulosic residues with high potential to support Brazil's advanced biorefineries, especially as energy optimization in 1st ethanol plants can reduce steam demand from about **506 to 315 kg steam/t cane**, increasing the availability of surplus biomass for advanced thermochemical routes.

Centralized BtL/PBtL biorefinery concept: The surplus biomass can be upgraded through pre-treatment routes and transported to a centralized hub for gasification, syngas production, and biomethanol synthesis.

Need for decision support: Because each pre-treatment route has different technical, energetic, environmental, and logistic impacts, **Fuzzy-AHP/MCDA** [1] was applied to rank the most suitable alternatives for the studied biorefinery concept.

2. GOALS

To apply **Fuzzy-AHP** as a decision-support method to rank sugarcane bagasse (SB) and straw (SS) **pre-treatment routes for centralized gasification based BtL/PBtL biorefineries** focused on biomethanol production

3. METHODOLOGY

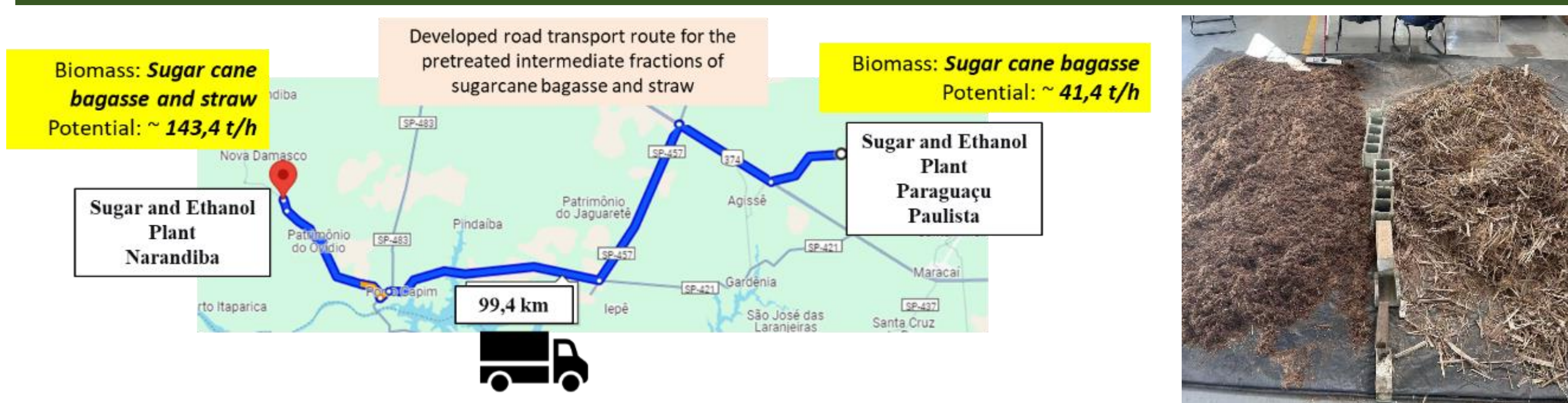


Figure 1 —Potential of biomass from both mills and the road-transport distance between them. Samples of SB and SS from Plants used in GALP 94 Project

Criteria (i)	Alternatives (j)
1 Product with high energy density (MJ/m ³)	1 Conventional fast pyrolysis producing bio-oil
2 Reduction of elemental nitrogen	2 Oxidative pyrolysis producing bio-slurry
3 Reduction of elemental sulfur	3 In situ catalytic pyrolysis producing bio-oil
4 Reduction of elemental chlorine	4 In situ catalytic pyrolysis producing bio-slurry
5 Reduction of alkaline ash content	5 Natural pellets (in natura)
6 Energy yield of the intermediate product	6 Pellets with residual plastics as binder
7 Electrical energy consumption in the process	7 Pellets with fusel oil as binder
8 Water consumption in the process	8 Clean biomass via pneumatic classification at high velocities
9 Reduction of moisture/water content	9 Clean biomass via pneumatic classification at low velocities
10 Handling safety of the intermediate product	10 Biomass torrefaction under conventional atmosphere
11 Flowability/feedability under high pressure	11 Biomass torrefaction under oxidative atmosphere
12 Ease of implementation	12 Biomass torrefaction with superheated steam
	13 Steam-exploded biomass with low severity factor
	14 Steam-exploded biomass with high severity factor
	15 Combined process 1: Pneumatic classification + torrefaction
	16 Combined process 2: Pneumatic classification + steam explosion
	17 Combined process 3: Torrefaction + pelletization

Figure 2 - Criteria (i) and pre-treatment alternatives evaluated (j) in MCDA-AHP fuzzy

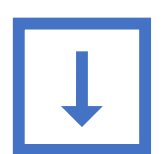
Pairwise comparison



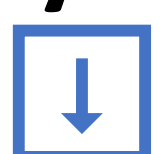
Qualitative → Numerical [2]
trapezoidal fuzzy scale [l, m, n, u].



geometric mean aggregation



defuzzification by centroid method



criteria weights

Final ranking

The criteria weights were combined with experimental and qualitative performance data to rank the 17 pre-treatment routes

4. RESULTS

Fuzzy-AHP showed that the most relevant criteria for selecting pre-treatment routes were:

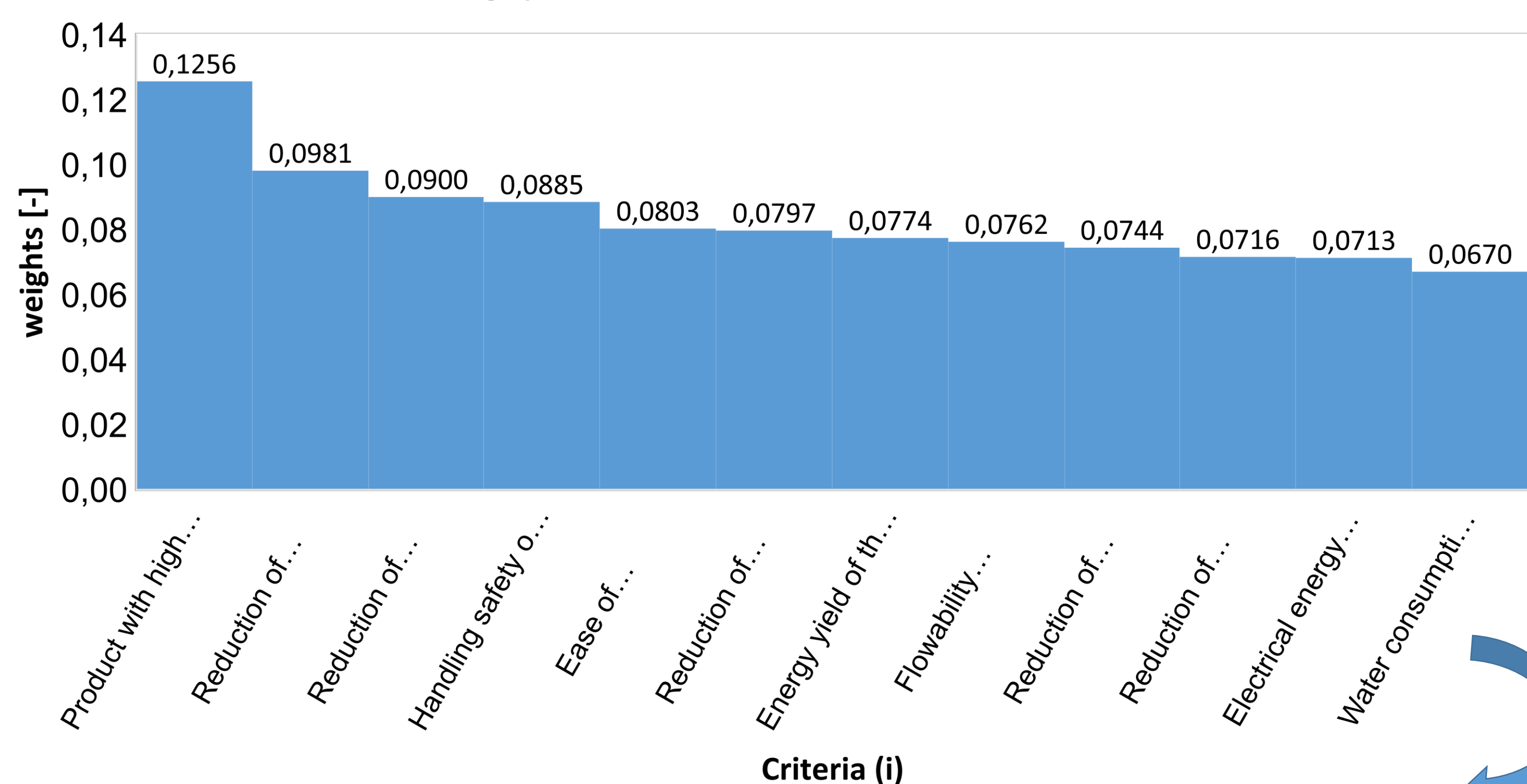
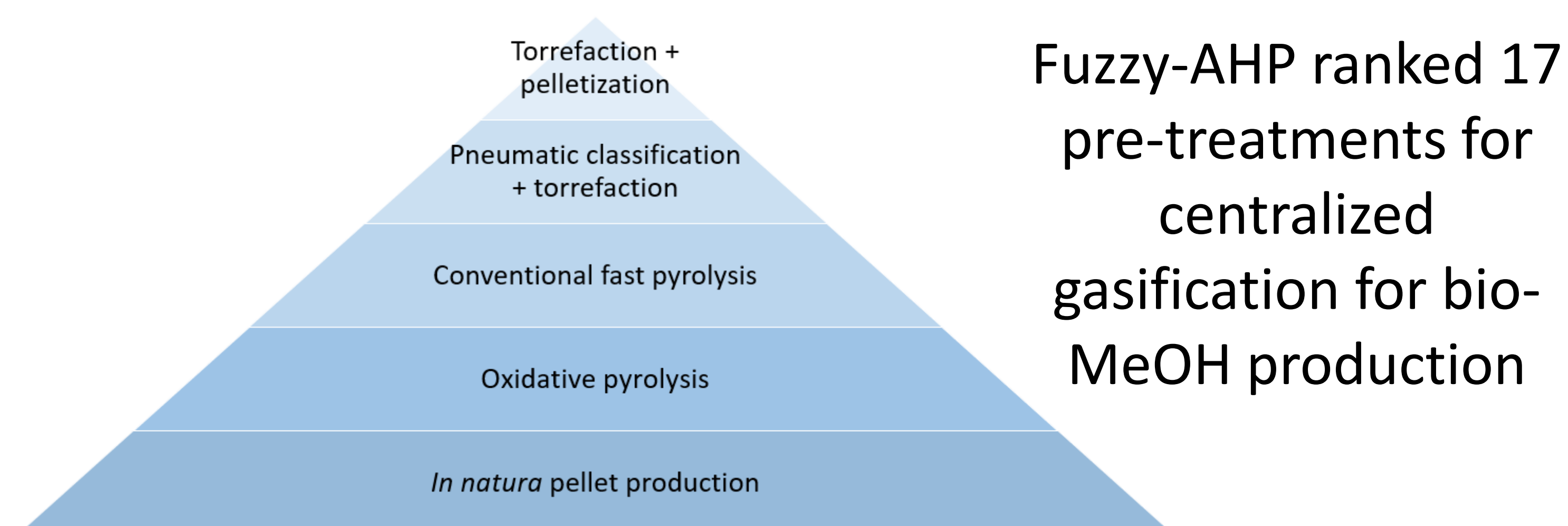


Figure 3 – Most important decision criteria

Product with high energetic density, contaminant reduction, and Ease of implementation were the main drivers for technology selection.

- Best-ranked pre-treatment routes



Fuzzy-AHP ranked 17 pre-treatments for centralized gasification for bio-MeOH production

Figure 4 – Best-ranked pre-treatment routes

Torrefaction is a strategic pathway to connect decentralized sugarcane mills with a centralized biomethanol hub

5. CONCLUSIONS

- Fuzzy-AHP method successfully combined **experimental data, expert judgment, and technical-logistic criteria** to rank biomass pre-treatment routes for centralized BtL/PBtL biorefinerie.
- Torrefaction-based routes were the most promising Routes showing the best balance between: energy density, contaminant reduction, handling safety, implementation feasibility.

6. BIBLIOGRAPHY

- [1] Kaya, T., & Kahraman, C. (2011). An integrated fuzzy AHP-ELECTRE methodology for environmental impact assessment. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 38(7), 8553–8562.
- [2] Lima Junior, F. R. (2013). Comparação entre os métodos Fuzzy TOPSIS e Fuzzy AHP no apoio à tomada de decisão para seleção de fornecedores [Comparison between Fuzzy TOPSIS and Fuzzy AHP methods in decision support for supplier selection] [Master's thesis, University of São Paulo].

7. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS